

LINE OF DUTY DEATHS

EVERETT POLICE DEPARTMENT POLICY & PROCEDURE NO. 4.41	ISSUE DATE: ___03/20/17
MASSACHUSETTS POLICE ACCREDITATION STANDARDS REFERENCED: 22.2.3; 22.2.4; 55.2.6	EFFECTIVE DATE: ___03/20/17
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I. GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS AND GUIDELINES

This policy is designed to prepare the Everett Police Department for the occurrence of the line of duty death or serious injury of a sworn officer or civilian employee and to guide the Department in providing proper support for the officer or civilian employee’s family. **22.2.4**

II. POLICY

It is the policy of this Department to provide liaison assistance to the immediate survivors of an active duty officer or employee who dies in the line of duty and to provide tangible and emotional support during this traumatic period of readjustment for the surviving family. **22.2.3**

III. DEFINITIONS

Line-of-Duty Death: The death of an active duty officer or civilian employee including but not limited to, felonious or accidental means during the course of performing police functions while on or off-duty.

Survivors: Immediate family members of the deceased officer or civilian employee to include spouse, children, parents, siblings, fiancée and / or significant others.

IV. PROCEDURES

Death Notification: **55.2.6**

The following procedures should be adhered to in cases of line-of-duty deaths and in cases of critically injured officers or civilian employees with poor prognosis of survival. These procedures should be followed whenever possible with the understanding that the wishes of the family take precedence over the desires of the Department. Officers providing services and assistance to family members and survivors shall take all possible measures to accommodate their needs, wishes and desires, but should not make promises to family members that they are not sure can be fulfilled.

22.2.3

- The name of the deceased officer shall not be released to the media or other parties before immediate survivors living in the area are notified.
- The Chief of Police or his designee shall designate an officer(s) to inform the immediate family of the officer's condition or death.
- Notification of the immediate family should be made as soon as possible and, if possible, coincidental with the appropriate command notifications.
- Notification of survivors in the immediate area shall be made in person and, whenever appropriate, with another person such as the police chaplain. Whenever the health of immediate survivors is a concern, emergency medical services personnel shall be requested to stand by.
- If the opportunity to get the family to the hospital exists prior to the officer's death, notification officers shall inform the hospital liaison officer that the immediate family is on the way. In such cases, immediate transportation should be provided for survivors rather than waiting for any other members of the departmental delegation to arrive. If the

officer has died, notification should be made to the survivors in as forthright and empathetic a manner as possible.

- Communication of information concerning the officer and the incident shall, whenever possible, be restricted to the telephone to avoid interception by the media or others. Should the media obtain the officer's name prematurely, the ranking officer should request that the information be withheld until proper notification of survivors can be made.
- The notification officer shall be responsible for identification of additional survivors outside the area and shall make any notifications as desired by the immediate family. Such notification shall be made by contacting the law enforcement agency in that jurisdiction and requesting that a personal notification be made.
- The notification officer shall submit an email to the Chief of Police and Command Staff specifying the identity, time and place of survivors notified.

Assisting Survivors at the Hospital:

Whenever possible, the Chief of Police shall join the family at the hospital in order to emphasize the police department's support. The next highest ranking officer to arrive at the hospital shall serve as or designate a hospital liaison officer who shall be responsible for coordinating the arrival of immediate survivors, departmental personnel, the media and others and assume the following responsibilities: **22.2.3**

- 1.) Arrange for waiting facilities for immediate survivors and a press staging area. The desires of the surviving family members should be followed with regard to their accessibility to other officers and friends.
- 2.) Ensure that medical personnel provide pertinent medical information on the officer's condition to the family before any other parties.
- 3.) Assist family members, in accordance with their desires, in gaining access to the injured or deceased officer.

- 4.) Provide hospital personnel with all necessary information on billing for medical services. The liaison officer should ensure that all medical bills are directed to the accounts payable personnel at police headquarters and that they are not forwarded to the office's family or other survivors.
- 5.) Arrange transportation for the family and other survivors upon departure from the hospital.
- 6.) Ensure that immediate family members are provided with appropriate assistance at the hospital.

Appointment of Department Coordination Personnel:

The designated departmental officer(s) shall begin serving in the following capacities: Department Liaison, Funeral liaison, Benefits Coordinator and Family Support Advocate. These assignments will be made in writing to departmental personnel and the surviving family members will be informed of those designated. In addition, the Chief of Police or his designee will: **22.2.3**

- 1.) make additional personnel assignments to assist in handling incoming phone calls and inquiries and to direct the public to the appropriate personnel;
- 2.) ensure that the employee assistance program is implemented to assist surviving family members and emphasize the family's right to psychological services;
- 3.) ensure that other officers are provided the opportunity to participate in critical incident stress debriefings; and

Department Liaison Officer:

The Department Liaison Officer will serve as a facilitator between the family and the police department. This individual will normally be a commanding officer with at least the rank of Lieutenant in order to expedite the tasks of employing departmental resources and the delegation of assignments. This officer will work closely with the Funeral Liaison Officer to ensure that the needs and requests of the family are fulfilled. This includes, but is not necessarily limited to, the following:

- 1.) Providing oversight of travel and lodging arrangements for out of town family members.
- 2.) Identifying alternative churches and reception halls that will accommodate the law enforcement funeral. These alternatives will be presented to the family, who will make the final determination.
- 3.) Coordinating all official law enforcement notifications (teletype messages) and arrangements to include the honor guard, pallbearers, traffic control and designating a staging area for all visiting law enforcement agencies.
- 4.) Assisting family members in dealing with general media inquiries and informing them of limitations on what they can say to the media specifically.
- 5.) Ensuring that security checks of the survivor's residence are initiated immediately following the incident and for as long as necessary thereafter.

Funeral Liaison Officer:

The Funeral Liaison Officer acts as a facilitator between the decedent employee's family and the department during the wake and funeral. The Funeral Liaison Officer is responsible for:

- 1.) Meeting with family members and explaining his responsibilities to them.
- 2.) Being available to the family prior to and throughout the wake and funeral.
- 3.) Ensuring that the needs and wishes of the family come before those of the department.
- 4.) Assisting the family in working with the funeral director regarding funeral arrangements.
- 5.) Relaying any information to the family concerning the circumstances of the decedent officer's death and appropriate information regarding any investigation.
- 6.) Determining the need for travel arrangements for out-of-town family members and any other special needs of the family during the funeral and reporting this information to the department liaison.
- 7.) Briefing the family members on the procedures involved in the law enforcement funeral.

Benefits Coordinator: 22.2.3

The Benefits Coordinator is responsible for the following:

- 1.) Filing all related paperwork;
- 2.) Presenting information on all benefits available to the family.
- 3.) Documenting inquiries and interest in public donations to the family and establishing a mechanism for receipt of such contributions, as appropriate.
- 4.) Preparing all documentation of benefits and payments due survivors to include the nature and amount of benefits to be received by each beneficiary, the schedule of payments and the name of a contact person or facilitator at each benefit or payment office.
- 5.) Filing all benefits paperwork and maintaining contact with the family in order to ensure that benefits are being received. A copy of benefits documentation should be provided to all survivors affected and explained to each of them.
- 6.) Advising the surviving family of the role of police associations and organizations and the nature of support programs that they sponsor for law enforcement survivors.
- 7.) Links for possible benefits;
<http://vipo911.org/> The Violently Injured Police Officers Organization.
<https://newenglandcops.org> Concerns of Police Survivors.

Family Support Advocate:

The Family Support Advocate serves in a long-term liaison and support capacity for the surviving family. The duties of this individual include:

- 1.) Providing contact with surviving family members in order to keep them abreast of criminal proceedings relating to the death of their family member.
- 2.) Accompanying surviving family members to criminal proceedings, explaining the nature of the proceedings and introducing them to prosecutors and other persons as required.

- 3.) Identifying all support services available to family members and working on their behalf to secure any services necessary.
- 4.) Maintaining routine contact with family members to provide companionship and emotional support and maintain an ongoing relationship between the department and the immediate family.
- 5.) Relaying the concerns and needs of the family to those individuals or organizations that may provide assistance, and encouraging others to visit and help as necessary.